Regent Education and Research Foundation Group of Institutions

Daily Current Affairs Synopsis

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(Useful for UPSC/WBPSC/SSC Exams.)

Drgan Transplantation is the act of surgical removal of an organ from one person and placing it into another person.

There is a wide gap between patients and the organs that are available in India:

Ex: Only 6000 renal transplants annually against 1.8 lakh persons suffering from renal failure.

This high Burden (Demand versus Supply gap) has resulted in increase in organ trade in India.

Other issues in Organ Transplantation in India

Lack of Organized systems for organ procurement from deceased donor.

Poor Awareness and attitude towards organ donation. High Cost (for uninsured and poor patients).

Primary legislation related to organ donation and transplantation in India is Transplantation of Human Organs Act (THOA), 1994.

Government is also implementing National Organ Transplant **Programme** (NOTP) to promote organ donation and transplantation.

▶ Earlier this year, government released modified National Organ Transplantation Guidelines.

It allowed those above 65 years of age to receive an organ for transplantation from deceased donors.

It also removed the domicile requirement to register as an organ Pecipient.



About NOTTO

It is a National level organization set up under Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.

It functions as apex centre for coordination and networking for procurement and distribution of organs and tissues and Registry of Organs and Tissues Donation and Transplantation in country.

Lok Sabha expels an MP from the Parliament based on the ethics committee report in a cash-for-query case

The Lok Sabha Ethics Committee found the MP guilty of "unethical conduct" and "contempt of the House" and recommended MP's expulsion from the House.

Ethics committee

- Process of removal of MP through Ethics committee: Complaint Submission- A complaint can be filed **Against members of the House by other members** and also outsiders through a member along with evidence of alleged misconduct.
 - The Speaker can also refer to the Committee any complaint against an MP.

Committee Evaluation: It makes a prima facie inquiry before examining a complaint and makes recommendations after evaluating the complaint.

- Report and decision: It presents its report to the Speaker, who asks the House if the report should be taken up for consideration.
- The decision of the House can be challenged in court.
- About Lok Sabha Rajya Sabha Constituted first in Rajya Constituted in 2000 Origin Sabha in 1997 **Members** 15 (from Lok Sabha) 10 (from Rajya Sabha)

Time period of Hold office for a term Hold office until a new members not exceeding 1 year. committee is nominated Nominated by Speaker Chairman

Article 101 gives only three grounds on which an MP's seat can be vacated: Resignation, Disqualification and Continuous absence from the House for 60 days.

India Attends 6th National Security Adviser level Meeting of Colombo Security Conclave held in Mauritius

Key Developments

- → Agreed on a Roadmap of Activities for 2024 in the face of traditional, non-traditional and emerging hybrid challenges in Indian Ocean region (IOR).
 - Non-traditional security issues are challenges that arise primarily out of non-military sources, such as climate change, infectious diseases, natural disasters, etc.
- Announced launch of Ocean Information Services portal.
 - ♦ Portal aims to facilitate exchange of oceanographic information. ▶

About Colombo Security Conclave (CSC)

- Tormed in 2011 as trilateral maritime security grouping of India, Sri Lanka and Maldives.
- Later Mauritius joined as 4th member and Bangladesh & Seychelles as observer countries.
- It has **permanent secretariat based in Colombo**, to coordinate activities and implement decisions.
- **⊙** CSC focuses on 5 pillars :
 - ♦ Maritime safety and security,
 - **♦** Countering terrorism and radicalisation,
 - Combating trafficking and transnational organised crime,
 - ♦ Cyber security and protection of critical infrastructure and
 - Humanitarian assistance and disaster relief.

Other Regional Cooperation Mechanism in IOR

Indian Ocean Rim Association for Regional Cooperation (IOR-ARC).

Indian Ocean Naval Symposium (IONS) seeks to increase maritime co-operation among navies of the littoral states of IOR.

Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical and Economic Cooperation (BIMSTEC).

Indian Ocean Commission (India is not a member but observer to it).

Significance of CSC

 Θ In line with vision of Security and Growth for All in the Region (SAGAR) and Neighbourhood First Policy. Θ Provides cooperative environment and collaborative mechanism in maritime neighbourhood of IOR.

A Complex Adaptive System Framework to Regulate Artificial Intelligence (AI): A Paper Released by Economic Advisory Council to PM

- ▶ Paper provides a novel framework to regulate AI based on Complex Adaptive System (a system where components interact and evolve in unpredictable ways) consisting of five key principles:
 - Creating a Specialist Regulator: An expert regulatory body with a broad mandate and the ability to respond swiftly.
 - Ensuring Transparency: Through Open licensing of core algorithms for external audits, and continuous monitoring of AI systems.
 - Defining Clear Lines of AI Accountability: By mandating standardized incident reporting protocols to document any system aberrations or failures.
 - Mandating Manual 'Overrides' and 'Authorization Chokepoints': To empower humans to intervene when AI systems behave erratically.
 - Establishing Guardrails and Partitions: To Implement clear boundary conditions to limit undesirable AI behaviors.

▶ Need to Regulate AI:

- **⊕** Traditional methods fall short due to AI's non-linear, unpredictable nature.
- Social Surveillance and Impersonation leading to loss of privacy (Deepfakes).
- National security threats and compromised critical infrastructure.
- Disrupt the democratic process, lead to job loss, biased results etc.

▶ Challenges in AI Regulation:

• Rapid technological advancements; Interdisciplinary nature of AI; Dynamic AI Ecosystem; Lack of standardization; Enforcement challenges etc.

Developmental and Regulatory Policy Measures Taken by Reserve Bank of India (RBI)

- **▶** Enhancing Unified Payments Interface (UPI) Transaction Limit for Specified Categories:
 - It is proposed to enhance UPI limit for payments to hospitals and educational institutions from ₹1 lakh to ₹5 lakh per transaction.
 - Transaction limit for UPI is capped at ₹1 lakh, except a few categories like Capital Markets, Collections, Insurance etc. where the transaction limit is ₹2 lakh.
 - **About UPI**
 - ♦ UPI was launched in 2016, it is an instant payment system developed by National Payments Corporation of India.
 - ♦ UPI has a 2 Factor Authentication.
 - ♦ UPI accounts for over 40% of India's digital transactions.
 - ◆ In recent past, India made UPI Payment Deal with France, UAE and Sri Lanka.
- Setting up of Fintech Repository
 - Repository will be operationalised by Reserve Bank Innovation Hub in April 2024 or earlier.
- ➤ Regulatory Framework for Web-Aggregation of loan products (WALP)
 - **⊕** To increase **transparency** in their operations.
 - WALP entails aggregation of loan offers from multiple lenders on an electronic platform,
 - which enables borrowers to compare and choose the best available option to avail loan from one of the available lenders.

Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs approves reservation norms for Jute Packaging Materials (JPM) under JPM Act, 1987

- ▶ JPM (Compulsory Use in Packing Commodities) Act, 1987 (JPM Act 1987) provides for compulsory use of jute packaging material in supply and distribution of certain commodities.
- Mandatory packaging norms approved for Jute Year 2023-24 (1st July, 2023 to 30th June, 2024) provide for 100% reservation of food-grains and 20% of sugar to be compulsorily packed in jute bags.
- Benefits of reservation for JPM
 - **●** Protect the interest of domestic production of raw jute and JPM in India, thereby, making India self-reliant.
 - Provide relief to 4 lakh workers employed in jute mills and ancillary units.
 - Support livelihood of around 40 lakh farm families.
 - Protect environment as jute is natural, bio- degradable, renewable and reusable fibre and hence fulfils all sustainability parameters.
 - ▶ Jute (golden fibre) is one of major industries in India's eastern region.
 - India is world's **biggest producer of jute**, followed by Bangladesh.
- ▶ Issues in Jute Industry: Lack of machinery modernisation, labour shortage, rising raw material cost etc.
- Other steps taken for Jute Industry
 - Jute Improved Cultivation and Retting Exercises support pre and post harvesting operations;
 - Production Linked Incentive scheme for Jute Diversified Products to increase exports;
 - **⊙** Jute Technology Mission; etc.

Also in News



Green Rising Initiative

- UNICEF's Generation Unlimited, in collaboration with India's Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change, introduced "Green Rising" initiative at COP28.
 - Aim to empower youth-led climate actions and solutions.
 - **●** It was launched at **Dubai Cares** (**philanthropic organization**) hosted **RewirEd Summit.**
 - ⊕ RewirEd Summit at COP28 is first ever global summit on education and climate.
- Earlier in 2018, UN Secretary-General launched Generation Unlimited.
 - ⊕ It is a global Public-Private-Youth Partnership, to co-create and deliver innovative solutions on global scale.



City of Lakes Project and 3i model

- At a discussion held by C40, Delhi's breakthroughs in fighting climate change like City of Lakes project and 3i model were mentioned.
 - ⊕ C40 is a global network of nearly a hundred mayors of world's leading cities that are united in action to confront climate crisis.
- ▶ Delhi's 3i model for Electric Vehicles focuses on Inclusion, incentivization, and Innovation.
- City of lakes aims to rejuvenate water bodies in city.
 - **⊕** It creates eco-tourism opportunities and enhances heat resilience, particularly during extreme weather events.
 - **⊙** It led to an increase of up to 2 meters in groundwater levels.



Agni-1

- Training launch 'Agni-1' was carried out successfully from APJ Abdul Kalam Island, Odisha.
- Agni-1 is Short-Range Ballistic Missile and is a very high precision missile system.

 - It is **nuclear-capable**, road-mobile missile.
 - **⊙** First deployed in 2007.
- Agni-1 to 5 missiles are designed & developed by Defence Research & Development Organisation (DRDO).



Dodo (Raphus cucullatus)

- **▶** Geneticists and conservationists have joined forces to re-introduce the Dodo, extinct since the late 17th century. About
- Dodo:
 - Flightless birds that were endemic to the island of Mauritius, which is east of Madagascar in Indian Ocean.
 - → Dodos are related to pigeons and the closest living relative of the dodo is the Nicobar pigeon.
- Reason for its extinction:
 - Deforestation, hunting, and destruction of their nests by animals brought to the island by the Dutch.



Kambalakonda Wildlife Sanctuary (KWS)

- **▶** Eastern Ghats Nature Interpretation Centre inaugurated along the periphery of the Kambalakonda Wildlife Sanctuary.
- **▶** About KWS
 - → Location –On the outskirts of Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh).
 - Forest Dry evergreen forest mixed with scrub and meadows. Terrain hilly with steep slopes.
 - Fauna Mammals like Leopard (Indicator species), Barking Deer, Jackal, etc.
 - → Flora Diverse flora representing Eastern Ghats like Bush plum tree, Jungle berry bunches etc.



Climate Change Performance Index (CCPI) 2024

- India this year further improved its global CCPI ranking by securing 7th position (last year it was 8th).
- **▶** About CCPI
 - Released by Germanwatch.
 - **⊕** CCPI is an **independent monitoring tool** for tracking the climate protection performance.
 - **●** It assesses countries performance in four categories:
 - ♦ GHG emissions (40% of the overall score),
 - ♦ Renewable energy (20%),
 - **◆** Energy use (20%),
 - ♦ Climate policy (20%).
 - **⊙** Top three places i.e 1-3 are vacant in CCPI.
 - Germanwatch also releases The Global Climate Risk Index.



Table Top Exercise

- Indian Army conducted Table-Top Exercise for Women Officers of Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN).
- Exercise is part of ongoing efforts of Centre for United Nations Peacekeeping (CUNPK),
 - To strengthen international cooperation and capacity- building in peacekeeping missions, with specific focus on empowering women in the field.
 - **•** CUNPK is a premier institution of the Indian Army to impart training in peacekeeping operations.



India-South Korea Electronic Origin Data Exchange System (EODES)

- Central Board of Indirect Taxes & Customs has launched India- South Korea EODES.
- EODES will facilitate implementation of India-Korea Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement (CEPA) by electronic exchange of origin information between two customs administrations for goods traded under CEPA.
 - **⊕** It will provide a fresh impetus to **preferential trade** between two countries.

Places in News



Guyana (Capital: Georgetown)

- Venezuela, Guyana saw tensions over a border dispute around the Esequibo river, and an offshore area.
- Political features

Not landlocked.

- Bordered by Atlantic Ocean (north), Suriname (east), Brazil (south), and Venezuela (west).
- Geographical features
 - **→ Mountains:** Acaraí Mountains, Pakaraima Mountains, Kanuku Mountains.
 - Highest point: Mount Roraima (2,772 metres).
 - Main rivers: Courantyne, Berbice, Demerara, and Essequibo (all empty into Atlantic).

